

Notice to Employees Family and Medical Leave Act

Sick Leave Without Pay, Parental Leave Without Pay, and Family Care Leave Without Pay, Military Exigency and Military Caregiver

FMLA Information

The absence provisions described below are consistent with the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA) except where more generous benefits are granted by the commonwealth. The FMLA requires qualifying employers to provide at least 12 weeks of leave (with or without pay) with benefits within a 12 month period for the reasons described in *Sick Leave Without Pay, Parental Leave Without Pay, Family Care Leave Without Pay,* and *Military Exigency Absence* below, and 26 weeks (with or without pay) with benefits within a single 12 month period for *Military Caregiver Absence* below, as long as the employee was employed at least one year and worked at least 1,250 hours during the previous 12 month period. Sick Leave Without Pay, Parental Leave Without Pay, Family Care Leave Without Pay, Military Exigency Absence and Military Caregiver Absence are designated as FMLA leave in accordance with the provisions of the FMLA. All employees are covered by FMLA; only permanent employees are eligible for Sick, Parental and Family Care Leave Without Pay.

Absence Types

Sick Leave Without Pay

Sick Leave Without Pay is an unpaid absence from work with benefits due to the serious health condition of an employee.

A serious health condition is an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves either an overnight stay in a medical care facility, or continuing treatment by a health care provider for a condition that either prevents the employee from performing the functions of the employee's job, or prevents the qualified family member from participating in school or other daily activities. Subject to certain conditions, the continuing treatment requirement may be met by a period of incapacity of more than 3 consecutive calendar days combined with at least two visits to a health care provider or one visit and a regimen of continuing treatment, or incapacity due to pregnancy, or incapacity due to a chronic condition. Other conditions may meet the definition of continuing treatment.

Parental Leave Without Pay

Parental Leave Without Pay is an unpaid absence from work with benefits due to the birth, adoption or foster care placement of a child.

Family Care Leave Without Pay

Family Care Leave Without Pay is an unpaid absence from work with benefits due to the serious health condition of a qualifying family member when the employee is attending to the medical needs of the family member. Refer to definition of serious health condition under *Sick Leave Without Pay* above.

Family member for this purpose is a spouse, parent, child, or other person qualifying as a dependent under IRS eligibility criteria. A parent can be a biological, adoptive, step or foster parent or an individual who stood as a parent (in loco parentis) to the employee when the employee was a child. A child can be a biological child, adopted child, foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or a child in the care of a person who is standing as a parent (in loco parentis); a child must be under age 18, or if 18 years or older, must be incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability.

Military Exigency Absence

Military Exigency Absence is a paid or unpaid absence from work with benefits arising from the fact that a spouse, parent or child of any age is either a member of a reserve component or a national guard member on covered active duty during deployment to a foreign country under a Federal call, or order to active duty under a provision of law referred to in section 101(a)(13)(B) of Title 10 of the United States code which is during a war or national emergency declared by the president or Congress; or an active member of a regular component of the Armed Forces on duty during deployment to a foreign country. Military Exigency Absence may be used:

a. To address any issue arising from notification of an impending order seven calendar days or less prior to the date of deployment and used within seven days of notification of the impending call or order;

- b. For official ceremonies, programs or events sponsored by the military and related to the active duty; or for family support or assistance programs or briefings sponsored by the military, a military service organization or the Red Cross and related to the active duty;
- c. To arrange for alternative childcare when the call to duty necessitates a change in childcare; to provide childcare on an urgent, immediate need basis; to enroll or transfer to a new school or day care; or to attend meetings or conferences at a school or daycare when necessary due to circumstances arising from active duty or call to duty;
- d. To make or update financial or legal arrangements to address the covered military member's absence while on active duty or call to active duty status; or to act as the covered military member's representative to obtain, arrange or appeal military service benefits while the covered military member is on active duty or call to active duty status and for 90 days after release from active duty;
- e. To attend counseling for the employee, covered military member or child provided by someone other than a health care provider provided the need for counseling arises from the active duty or call to active duty status. Note: For Military Exigency Absence used under this section, the definition of child is a biological child, adopted child, foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or a child in the care of a person who is standing as a parent (in loco parentis); a child must be under age 18, or if 18 years or older must be incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability at the time the leave is to commence:
- f. To spend time with a covered military member who is on short-term rest and recuperation during the period of deployment. Up to 15 days may be used for each instance;
- g. To attend arrival ceremonies, reintegration briefings and events and any other official ceremony or program sponsored by the military 90 days after release from active duty; or to address issues arising from the death of a covered military member while on active duty;
- h. To arrange for alternative care, provide care on an urgent, immediate need basis, to admit to or transfer to a care facility, or to attend meetings with staff at a care facility for a military member's parent who is incapable of self-care, when the care is necessitated by the military member's covered active duty; or
- i. To address other events arising from active duty or call to active duty status when agreed upon between the employer and employee.

Military Caregiver Absence

Military Caregiver Absence is a paid or unpaid absence from work with benefits due to the serious injury or illness of a servicemember who is a family member when the employee is attending to the medical needs of the servicemember.

A serious injury or illness is an injury or illness incurred in the line of duty or an injury or illness that existed before the beginning of the servicemember's active duty and was aggravated by service in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may either render a servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of the servicemember's office, grade, rank, or rating; or result in a veteran's medical treatment, recuperation or therapy. Servicemember for this purpose is an individual who is a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in an out-patient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, as a result of a serious injury or illness; or a veteran who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, for a serious injury or illness and who was a member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves) and was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable at any time during the period of five years prior to the first date the employee takes leave to care for the veteran.

Family member for this purpose is a spouse, parent, child of any age and next of kin. Next of kin for this purpose is the nearest blood relative of a servicemember who has a serious injury or illness in the order of blood relatives granted legal custody by court decree or law or otherwise in the following order: blood relative designated in writing by the servicemember as the nearest blood relative for this purpose, brothers and sisters, grandparents, aunts and uncles, first cousins.

Absence Requests

All requests for Sick, Parental and Family Care Leave Without Pay, Military Exigency Absences and Military Caregiver Absences, including paid absences, as described below, shall be made at least two weeks in advance, if circumstances permit. When not foreseeable, requests shall be made as soon as practicable to

ensure protection under the FMLA. Requests for Sick, Parental and Family Care Leave Without Pay shall be made in writing and must state the anticipated duration of the leave. Requests for Family Care Leave Without Pay must also include the name and relationship of the person to be cared for. A *Request for Military Exigency* or *Request for Military Caregiver Absence* form must be used to request these absence types. Only permanent employees may request Sick, Parental and Family Care Leave Without Pay.

Eligibility

Sick Leave Without Pay

To be eligible for Sick Leave Without Pay, some union contracts require employees to have at least six months of credited service.

Parental Leave Without Pay

There is no service eligibility requirement for Parental Leave Without Pay.

Family Care Leave Without Pay

To be eligible for Family Care Leave Without Pay, employees must have at least one year of service (total employment, even if the employment was not continuous).

Military Exigency Absence and Military Caregiver Absence

Eligibility is determined based on two factors: One year of employment and 1,250 hours worked during the 12 month period preceding the date of the first absence of each event. An event is a specific reason or medical condition for which Military Exigency and Military Caregiver Absence is approved. Regular hours and overtime hours worked and all military absence hours count toward the 1,250 hour requirement; holidays and other paid and unpaid absences do not count.

Once eligibility is determined for the Military Exigency or Military Caregiver event, the employee remains eligible for that event for the next 12 months as long as Military Exigency or Military Caregiver Absence entitlement is available and the absence is certified, medically or otherwise, as required. At the end of the 12 month period, eligibility will be re-measured only for Military Exigency Absences. Eligibility is also remeasured for each new or different event.

Absence Entitlement

Sick Leave Without Pay

Employees are entitled to up to six months¹ of Sick Leave Without Pay with benefits. Paid and unpaid Military Exigency Absences within the rolling year count against the six month Sick Leave Without Pay entitlement. A rolling year is the 12 month period measured backward from the date of each absence. Upon request and certification that includes an expected return to work date, employees who are unable to return to work after the expiration of the initial six month Sick Leave Without Pay entitlement shall be granted an additional six months of Sick Leave Without Pay.

Parental Leave Without Pay

Employees are entitled to up to six months of Parental Leave Without Pay with benefits. Paid and unpaid Military Exigency Absences within the rolling year count against the six month Parental Leave Without Pay entitlement. Refer to definition of rolling year under *Sick Leave Without Pay* above.

The absence begins upon the employee's request; however, it may not be used prior to the date of birth, custody, or placement, except when required for adoption or foster care placement to proceed. The entitlement shall expire one year from the date of birth, adoption, or placement for foster care, regardless of whether or not the entire Parental Leave Without Pay entitlement has been used.

At the discretion of the agency, at the end of the initial six month Parental Leave Without Pay entitlement, an extension of Parental Leave Without Pay may be granted.

Family Care Leave Without Pay

Employees are entitled to up to 12 weeks² of Family Care Leave Without Pay every leave calendar year. Paid and unpaid Military Exigency Absences within the rolling year count against the 12 week Family Care Leave Without Pay entitlement. Refer to definition of rolling year under *Sick Leave Without Pay* above.

¹ For the purpose of entitlement, any time six months or 26 weeks is referred to it means 982.5 hours for employees with a standard work schedule of 37.5 hours per week; 1,048 hours for employees with a standard work schedule of 40 hours per week; or a prorated amount for part-time employees.

² Any time 12 weeks is referred to it means 450 hours for employees with a standard work schedule of 37.5 hours per week; 480 hours for employees with a standard work schedule of 40 hours per week; or a prorated amount for part-time employees.

Military Exigency Absence

Employees who meet eligibility are entitled to up to 12 weeks of Military Exigency Absence within a rolling year. Because a rolling year is the 12 month period measured backward from the date of each absence, an employee's entitlement can change by the day. Sick, Parental and Family Care Leave Without Pay and Military Exigency Absences within the rolling year count against the 12 week Military Exigency Absence entitlement.

Military Caregiver Absence

Employees who meet eligibility are entitled to up 26 weeks of Military Caregiver Absence within a single 12 month period. A single 12 month period is the 12 month period following the date of the employee's first absence for a servicemember's serious injury or illness. Up to 26 weeks of Military Caregiver Absence is available for each servicemember and each serious injury or illness, but not more than 26 weeks may be used within any single 12 month period. Paid and unpaid Military Caregiver Absences count against this entitlement. Eligibility cannot be renewed after the single 12 month period.

Use of Paid Leave

Sick Leave Without Pay and Family Care Leave Without Pay

Before, during, after or instead of Sick Leave Without Pay and Family Care Leave Without Pay, employees may use accrued annual, personal, or applicable sick leave provided the leave would qualify as Sick Leave Without Pay or Family Care Leave Without Pay. Employees also may choose to use anticipated annual, personal or applicable sick leave in accordance with anticipation rules. The use of paid leave shall not reduce the Sick Leave Without Pay and Family Care Leave Without Pay entitlements.

Parental Leave Without Pay

Female employees who are incapacitated before or after childbirth may use accrued sick leave or Sick Leave Without Pay and are required to provide the commonwealth *Serious Health Condition Certification* form to the agency Human Resource Office as described in *Required Documentation* below.

Before, during, after or instead of Parental Leave Without Pay, employees may use accrued annual and/or personal leave provided the leave would qualify as Parental Leave Without Pay. Paid leave may not be anticipated. The use of paid leave shall not reduce the Parental Leave Without Pay entitlement.

Military Exigency Absence

Upon commencement of each Military Exigency Absence, all accrued annual, personal, holiday and compensatory leave must be used before using leave without pay. All forms of paid leave will run concurrently with the commencement of and be deducted from the Sick, Parental and Family Care Leave Without Pay and Military Exigency Absence entitlements.

Military Caregiver Absence

Upon commencement of each Military Caregiver Absence, all applicable accrued sick family and additional sick family leave must be used before any other paid or unpaid leave. After all applicable accrued sick family and additional sick family leave is used, employees must use all accrued annual, personal, holiday and compensatory leave. Employees also may choose to use anticipated annual, personal or sick family leave in accordance with anticipation rules. All forms of paid leave, beginning with sick family leave, will run concurrently with the commencement of and be deducted from the Military Caregiver Absence entitlement.

Use of Intermittent or Reduced-time Absence

Employees may use leave on an intermittent or reduced-time basis at any time during the initial six month Sick Leave Without Pay entitlement when medically necessary, during the initial six month Parental Leave Without Pay entitlement at the agency's discretion, and during the 12 week Family Care Leave Without Pay entitlement.

Leave may be used on an intermittent or reduced-time basis at any time during the 12 weeks of Military Exigency Absence and, when medically necessary, during the 26 weeks of Military Caregiver Absence entitlement.

For all intermittent or reduced-time absences for planned medical treatment, the employee shall attempt to develop a schedule, working cooperatively with the supervisor, which meets the employee's needs with consideration to the times that are least disruptive to normal operations, subject to the approval of the health care provider. Employees are expected to continue to follow applicable procedures for requesting absences, including the call-off notification procedures.

Required Medical/Proof Documentation

Sick, Parental and Family Care Leave Without Pay

Documentation from a health care provider must be provided for all Sick, Parental and Family Care Leave Without Pay events. Failure to provide timely and complete documentation may result in the delay or denial of the requested absence. For parental leave, proof of the child's birth, adoption or foster care placement must be provided within 15 days of the event. Note: To enroll a dependent in health coverage, contact the HR Service Center at 1.866.377.2672 or your local Human Resource Office if your agency is not served by the HR Service Center. For Sick Leave Without Pay, Family Care Leave Without Pay and incapacity due to childbirth, medical documentation on the commonwealth's *Serious Health Condition Certification* form must be provided within 15 calendar days of receiving a written request for medical documentation. The request for leave could ultimately be denied if complete information is not provided or the medical information provided does not certify a serious health condition. Medical recertification of the need for Sick Leave Without Pay and Family Care Leave Without Pay may be requested as often as every 30 calendar days in connection with intermittent absence, upon expiration of the initial certification and/or upon changed circumstances. A second and third medical opinion may be ordered at the commonwealth's expense.

Military Exigency Absence

For qualifying exigency absences, a copy of the family member's orders or other military documentation is required at the time of the first request. In addition, for <u>each</u> absence, a written request that includes the justification for the absence and the specific activity that will be performed during the absence is required on the commonwealth's *Military Exigency Certification* form. A copy of the Rest and Recuperation leave orders, or other documentation issued by the military with the dates of the military member's leave, is required when requested to spend time with a Family Member who is on short-term rest and recuperation during a period of deployment. Additional documentation to substantiate that the employee performed that activity during the absence also may be requested.

Military Caregiver Absence

An Invitational Travel Order (ITO) or Invitational Travel Authorization (ITA) is acceptable as documentation for the period covered by the ITO/ITA; however, certification on the commonwealth's form may later be required. Documentation of enrollment in the Dept. of Veterans Affairs Program of Comprehensive Assistance for Family Caregivers is sufficient. Otherwise, documentation is required from the servicemember's health care provider or military health care provider on the commonwealth's *Serious Injury or Illness of a Current Servicemember Certification* or *Serious Injury or Illness of a Veteran Certification* form. Confirmation of the employee's relationship to the servicemember may be required.

Extended Sick, Parental and Family Care (ESPF) Absence Entitlement

Employees are entitled to up to six months of ESPF Absence when a request for absence is made in writing, proof of the need for continuing absence is provided on the commonwealth's *Serious Condition Certification* form and the absence is contiguous to the expiration of SPF Absence. In addition, when the one year of service eligibility requirement has not been met, or when employees have been employed less than one year since the most recent hire date, and the ESPF Absence is for at least two consecutive weeks, ESPF Absence will also be provided. Note: Only one occasion within a rolling year will be approved.

Options When Not Eligible or Entitled to Sick Leave Without Pay, Parental Leave Without Pay, Family Care Leave Without Pay, Military Exigency Absence or Military Caregiver Absence

When not eligible or entitled to Sick Leave Without Pay, Parental Leave Without Pay, Family Care Leave Without Pay, Military Exigency Absence or Military Caregiver Absence, the employee will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including involuntarily termination from employment unless one of the following options is chosen: use available paid leave that was not used at the commencement of the absence subject to ordinary provisions for the use of those leave types, request to use regular/approved leave without pay subject to ordinary provisions for the use of this leave, return to work, resign the position, or apply for regular or disability retirement. IMPORTANT: An employee who wishes to apply for a regular or disability retirement must do so prior to resigning or being separated from employment.

Return to Work

Employees should notify their supervisor at least 24 hours in advance of their expected return to work. If the *Employee Serious Health Condition Certification* form does not cover the period of absence, an updated *Employee Serious Health Condition Certification* form or other type of release from the health care provider to return to work will be required. If the health care provider releases the employee to return to work with limitations, the job duty restrictions must be documented by the health care provider and approval to work with restrictions must be granted in writing before returning to work.

Return to Work Rights

Upon return from the initial six months of Sick Leave Without Pay and from Parental Leave Without Pay, Family Care Leave Without Pay, Military Exigency Absence or Military Caregiver Absence, employees have the right to return to the same or equivalent position held before commencing the absence.

After commencing the extension of Sick Leave Without Pay, employees have limited return rights. Rights usually are to, during the remainder of the six month period, a vacant position in the same or equivalent classification to which there are no seniority claims and which the agency intends to fill. Rights can vary by union. Refusal to return to a position that is offered will terminate these return rights.

Benefits Continuation Information

Annual, sick, and personal leave continue to accrue based on regular hours paid. Holidays will be earned provided the employee is in a paid status the half day before and half day after the holiday. Personal leave will be earned provided 20 days (150 hours for employees with a standard work schedule of 37.50 hours per week or 160 hours for employees with a standard work schedule of 80.00 hours per week) are paid within the earning period

Group life insurance coverage will continue to be state paid during the first six months of sick leave without pay and parental leave without pay and during family care leave without pay.

Health benefits through the SPHBP will continue as long as the employee continues to pay the applicable employee contributions and buy-ups during the paid/unpaid absence, except during the second six month period of sick leave without pay or parental leave without pay*. Employees enrolled in the SPHBP benefits who are using unpaid Sick, Parental and Family Care Leave Without Pay, Military Exigency Absence or Military Caregiver Absence will receive notice regarding the payment amount and due date. Any delinquency in payment will result in termination of the employee's health benefits. Employees must contact the HR Service Center at 1.866.377.2672 to add any new dependents to medical/hospital and supplemental benefits contracts within 60 days of birth or of assuming custody of a child.

* In accordance with the Affordable Care Act, health benefits eligibility will continue, in the second six month period for absences of 91 consecutive calendar days or less.

Disability Accommodations

Employees who wish to explore the possibility of an accommodation for a disability should contact their agency's Disability Services Coordinator. The approval of SPF Absence does not indicate, and should not be interpreted to indicate that you are regarded by the commonwealth as having a disability as defined by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

Questions

Questions may be referred to your FMLA Specialist:

FMLA Specialist HR Service Center - FMLA PO Box 824 Harrisburg, PA 17108-0824

Phone: 717.346.4667 Fax: 717.425.5389 Email: RA-SPFabsence@pa.gov